## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A compound represented by the following general

formula (I):

[wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  independently represent <u>a</u> hydrogen atom, or a group represented by the following formula (A):

[Formula 2]

$$X^{1}-N-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-N-CH_{2}-N-CH_{2}-N-$$

(wherein  $X^1$ ,  $X^2$ ,  $X^3$ , and  $X^4$  independently represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group which may have a substituent, or a protective group for amino group, and m and n

independently represent 0 or 1), provided that R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> do not simultaneously represent a hydrogen atom; R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> independently represent a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have a substituent, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group which may have a substituent; R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, and R<sup>12</sup> independently represent a hydrogen atom, a sulfo group, a phospho group, a halogen atom, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have a substituent; R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> independently represent a C<sub>1-18</sub> alkyl group which may have a substituent; Z<sup>1</sup> represents an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, or -N(R<sup>15</sup>)- (wherein R<sup>15</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have a substituent); Y<sup>1</sup> and Y<sup>2</sup> independently represent -C(=O)-, -C(=S)-, or -C(R<sup>16</sup>)(R<sup>17</sup>) (wherein R<sup>16</sup> and R<sup>17</sup> independently represent a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may have a substituent); and M<sup>\*</sup> represents a counter ion in a number required for neutralizing the charge}.

- (Currently Amended) A fluorescent probe containing the compound represented by the general formula (I) according to claim 1 (except for a compound wherein any one or more of X<sup>1</sup>, X<sup>2</sup>, X<sup>3</sup>, and X<sup>4</sup> represent a protective group for an amino group).
- (Currently Amended) A compound represented by the following general formula (IA):

[Formula 3]

fwherein  $R^{21}$  and  $R^{22}$  represent amino groups substituting at adjacent positions on the benzene ring, and one of the amino groups may have one alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $R^{23}$  and  $R^{24}$  independently represent  $\underline{a}$  hydrogen atom, a  $C_{16}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent, or a  $C_{16}$  alkoxy group which may have a substituent;  $R^{25}$ ,  $R^{26}$ ,  $R^{27}$ ,  $R^{28}$ ,  $R^{29}$ ,  $R^{30}$ ,  $R^{31}$ , and  $R^{32}$  independently represent  $\underline{a}$  hydrogen atom,  $\underline{a}$  sulfo group,  $\underline{a}$  phospho group, a halogen atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $R^{33}$  and  $R^{34}$  independently represent a  $C_{1-18}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $Z^{21}$  represents  $\underline{a}$  oxygen atom,  $\underline{a}$  sulfur atom, or  $-N(R^{35})$ - (wherein  $R^{35}$  represents  $\underline{a}$  hydrogen atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent);  $Y^{21}$  and  $Y^{22}$  independently represent -C(-C)-, -C(-C)-, or  $-C(R^{36})(R^{37})$ - (wherein  $R^{36}$  and  $R^{37}$  independently represent a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent); and  $M^{-1}$  represents a counter ion in a number required for neutralizing the charge-].

4. (Currently Amended) The compound according to claim 3, wherein  $R^{23}$ ,  $R^{24}$ ,  $R^{25}$ ,  $R^{26}$ ,  $R^{27}$ ,  $R^{28}$ ,  $R^{29}$ ,  $R^{30}$ ,  $R^{31}$ , and  $R^{32}$  are hydrogen atoms,  $R^{33}$  and  $R^{34}$  are  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl groups substituted with  $\underline{a}$  sulfo group,  $Z^{21}$  is  $\underline{an}$  oxygen atom, and  $Y^{21}$  and  $Y^{22}$  are -  $C(CH_3)_{2^{-}}$ .

 (Currently Amended) A reagent for measurement of measuring nitrogen monoxide, which contains the compound represented by the general formula (IA) according to claim 3.

 (Currently Amended) A compound represented by the following general formula (IB):

## [Formula 4]

fwherein  $R^{41}$  and  $R^{42}$  combine together to represent a group represented by -N=N-NR<sup>88</sup>-which forms a ring at the adjacent positions on the benzene ring (wherein  $R^{58}$  represents a hydrogen atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent), or  $R^{41}$  and  $R^{42}$  represent a combination of an amino group (which may have a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent, or a protective group for an amino group) and a nitro group substituting at adjacent positions on the benzene ring;  $R^{43}$  and  $R^{44}$  independently represent a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group which may have a substituent;  $R^{45}$ ,  $R^{46}$ ,  $R^{47}$ ,  $R^{48}$ ,  $R^{49}$ ,  $R^{50}$ ,  $R^{51}$ , and  $R^{52}$  independently represent a hydrogen atom, a sulfo group, a phospho group, a halogen

atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $R^{53}$  and  $R^{54}$  independently represent a  $C_{1-18}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $Z^{41}$  represents  $\underline{an}$  oxygen atom,  $\underline{a}$  sulfur atom, or  $-N(R^{55})$ - (wherein  $R^{55}$  represents  $\underline{a}$  hydrogen atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent);  $Y^{41}$  and  $Y^{42}$  independently represent -C(=O)-, -C(=S)-, or  $-C(R^{56})(R^{57})$ - (wherein  $R^{56}$  and  $R^{57}$  independently represent a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent); and M represents a counter ion in a number required for neutralizing the charge- $\frac{1}{2}$ .

- 7. (Currently Amended) The compound according to claim 6, wherein R<sup>43</sup>, R<sup>44</sup>, R<sup>45</sup>, R<sup>46</sup>, R<sup>47</sup>, R<sup>48</sup>, R<sup>49</sup>, R<sup>50</sup>, R<sup>51</sup>, and R<sup>52</sup> are hydrogen atoms, R<sup>53</sup> and R<sup>54</sup> are C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl groups substituted with <u>a</u> sulfo group, Z<sup>41</sup> is <u>an</u> oxygen atom, and Y<sup>41</sup> and Y<sup>42</sup> are C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-.
- (Currently Amended) A method for measuring nitrogen monoxide, which
  comprises (a) the step of reacting the compound represented by the general formula (IA)
  according to claim-3 with nitrogen monoxide;

wherein R<sup>21</sup> and R<sup>22</sup> represent amino groups substituting at adjacent positions on the

benzene ring, and one of the amino groups may have one alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $R^{23}$  and  $R^{24}$  independently represent a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group which may have a substituent;  $R^{25}$ ,  $R^{26}$ ,  $R^{27}$ ,  $R^{28}$ ,  $R^{29}$ ,  $R^{30}$ ,  $R^{31}$ , and  $R^{32}$  independently represent a hydrogen atom, a sulfogroup, a phospho group, a halogen atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $R^{33}$  and  $R^{34}$  independently represent a  $C_{1-18}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $Z^{21}$  represents an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, or  $-N(R^{35})$ , wherein  $R^{35}$  represents a hydrogen atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $Y^{21}$  and  $Y^{22}$  independently represent -C(=O), -C(=S), or  $-C(R^{36})(R^{37})$ , wherein  $R^{36}$  and  $R^{37}$  independently represent a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent; and  $M^{27}$  represents a counter ion in a number required for neutralizing the charge; and (b) the step-of detecting the compound of the general formula (IB)

wherein  $R^{41}$  and  $R^{42}$  combine together to represent a group represented by -N=N-NR<sup>58</sup>-which forms a ring at the adjacent positions on the benzene ring, wherein  $R^{58}$  represents a hydrogen atom, or a  $C_{1:6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent, or  $R^{41}$  and  $R^{42}$  represent a combination of an amino group which may have a  $C_{1:6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent, or a protective group for an amino group; and a nitro group

substituting at adjacent positions on the benzene ring;  $R^{43}$  and  $R^{44}$  independently represent a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group which may have a substituent;  $R^{45}$ ,  $R^{46}$ ,  $R^{47}$ ,  $R^{48}$ ,  $R^{49}$ ,  $R^{50}$ ,  $R^{51}$ , and  $R^{52}$  independently represent a hydrogen atom, a sulfo group, a phospho group, a halogen atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $R^{53}$  and  $R^{54}$  independently represent a  $C_{1-18}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $R^{53}$  and  $R^{54}$  independently represent a  $C_{1-18}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $R^{55}$  represents a hydrogen atom, or a  $R^{55}$  composite the may have a substituent;  $R^{55}$  independently represent  $R^{55}$  and  $R^{57}$  independently represent a  $R^{57}$  independently represent a  $R^{57}$  and  $R^{57}$  independently represent a  $R^{57}$  and  $R^{57}$  independently represent a  $R^{57}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent; and  $R^{57}$  independently represent a  $R^{57}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent; and  $R^{57}$  independently represent a  $R^{57}$  and  $R^{57}$  independently represent a  $R^{57}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent; and  $R^{57}$  independently represent a  $R^{57}$  and  $R^{57}$  independently represen

according to claim 6-{wherein  $R^{41}$  and  $R^{42}$  combine together to represent a group represented by -N=N-NR<sup>58</sup>- which forms a ring at the adjacent positions on the benzene ring (wherein  $R^{58}$  represents a hydrogen atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent) produced in the step (a).

(Currently Amended) A compound represented by the following general formula (IC):

[Formula 5]

[wherein  $R^{61}$  and  $R^{62}$  independently represent <u>a</u> hydrogen atom, or a group represented by the following formula (B):

## [Formula 6]

$$\begin{array}{c} X^{62} \\ X^{61} - N - \left\{ CH_2 - CH_2 - N \right\}_{p} - \left\{ CH_2 - CH_2 - N \right\}_{q} \\ X^{63} & X^{64} \end{array} \tag{B}$$

(wherein  $X^{61}$ ,  $X^{62}$ ,  $X^{63}$ , and  $X^{64}$  independently represent  $\underline{a}$  hydrogen atom, an alkyl group which may have a substituent, or a protective group for amino group, and p and q independently represent 0 or 1), provided that  $R^{61}$  and  $R^{62}$  do not simultaneously represent  $\underline{a}$  hydrogen atom, and when  $R^{61}$  and  $R^{62}$  simultaneously represent a group represented by the formula (B), in at least one of the groups represented by the formula (B), either p or q, or both represent 1;  $R^{63}$  and  $R^{64}$  independently represent  $\underline{a}$  hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent; or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group which may have a substituent;  $R^{65}$ ,  $R^{66}$ ,  $R^{67}$ ,  $R^{68}$ ,  $R^{69}$ ,  $R^{70}$ ,  $R^{71}$ , and  $R^{72}$  independently represent  $\underline{a}$  hydrogen atom,  $\underline{a}$  sulfo group,  $\underline{a}$  phospho group, a halogen atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent;  $R^{73}$  and  $R^{74}$  independently represent a  $C_{1-18}$  alkyl group

which may have a substituent;  $Z^{61}$  represents an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, or -N( $R^{75}$ )-(wherein  $R^{75}$  represents a hydrogen atom, or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent);  $Y^{61}$  and  $Y^{62}$  independently represent -C(=O)-, -C(=S)-, or -C( $R^{76}$ )( $R^{77}$ )-(wherein  $R^{76}$  and  $R^{77}$  independently represent a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may have a substituent); and M represents a counter ion in a number required for neutralizing the charge].

- 10. (Currently Amended) A fluorescent probe for zinc containing the compound represented by the general formula (IC) according to claim 9 (except for a compound wherein any one or more of X<sup>61</sup>, X<sup>62</sup>, X<sup>63</sup>, and X<sup>64</sup> are protective group for amino group).
- 11. (Currently Amended) A zinc complex formed from the compound represented by the general formula (IC) according to claim 9 (except for a compound wherein any one or more of X<sup>61</sup>, X<sup>62</sup>, X<sup>63</sup>, and X<sup>64</sup> are protective group for amino group), and a zinc ion.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method for measuring zinc ions, which comprises (a) the step of reacting the compound represented by the aforementioned general formula (IC) according to claim 9 (except for a compound wherein any one or more of  $X^{61}$ ,  $X^{62}$ ,  $X^{63}$ , and  $X^{64}$  are protective group for amino group) with a zinc ion, and (b) the step of measuring fluorescence intensity of a zinc complex produced in the step (a).